

SRP-XXX-BPA: Maximum System Voltage1000 VDC SRP-XXX-BPA: Maximum System Voltage1500 VDC

Electrical Characteristics

Module Type	SRP-330-BPA SRP-330-BPA-HV	SRP-335-BPA SRP-335-BPA-HV	SRP-340-BPA SRP-340-BPA-HV	SRP-345-BPA SRP-345-BPA-HV
	STC	STC	STC	STC
Maximum Power at STC (Pmp)	330	335	340	345
Open Circuit Voltage (Voc)	46.0	46.2	46.5	46.7
Short Circuit Current (Isc)	9.11	9.19	9.24	9.32
Maximum Power Voltage (Vmp)	38.3	38.5	38.8	39.0
Maximum Power Current (Imp)	8.62	8.71	8.77	8.85
Module Efficiency at STC(ηm)	16.67	16.92	17.17	17.42
Power Tolerance	(0,+4.99)			
Maximum System Voltage	1000 VDC / 1500 VDC			
Maximum Series Fuse Rating	20A			

STC: Irradiance 1000 W/m² module temperature 25°C AM=1.5;

Temperature Characteristics

Pmax Temperature Coefficient	-0.39 %/°C	
Voc Temperature Coefficient	-0.30 %/°C	
Isc Temperature Coefficient	+0.05 %/°C	
Operating Temperature	-40∼+85 °C	
Nominal Operating Cell Temperature (NOCT)	45±2 °C	

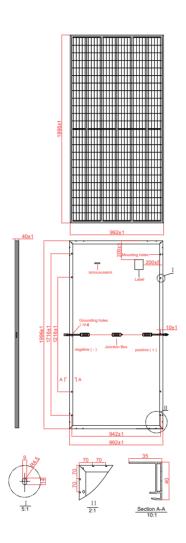
Mechanical Specifications

External Dimensions	1996 x 992 x 40 mm	
Weight	22.5 kg	
Solar Cells	Poly crystalline 156.75 x 78.375mm (144pcs)	
Front Glass	3.2 mm AR coating tempered glass, low iron	
Frame	Anodized aluminium alloy	
Junction Box	IP68, 3 diodes	
Output Cables	4.0 mm²,Portrait:255mm(+)/355mm(-); Landscape:1200mm	
Connector	MC4 Compatible	
Mechanical Load	5400 Pa	

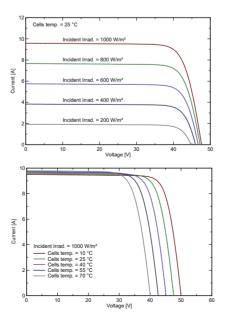
Packing Configuration

	1996 x 992 x 40 mm			
Container	20'GP	40'GP	40'HQ	
Pieces per Pallet	27	27	27+2*	
Pallets per Container	10	22	22	
Pieces per Container	270	594	638	

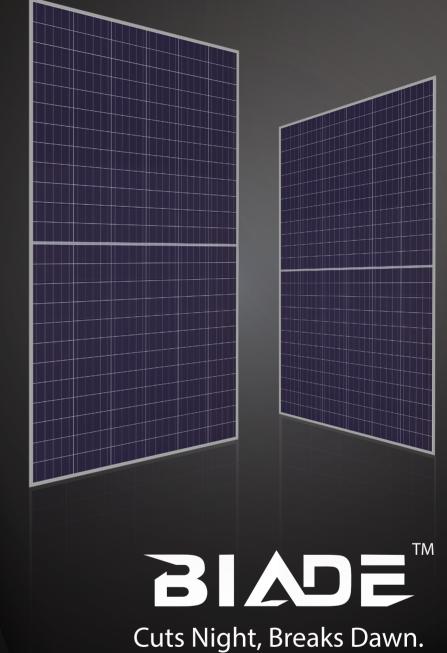
^{* 27+2} pieces per pallet is the special package which only suits for container transport. For details, please consult SERAPHIM.



I-V Curve







330W-345W

Blade™ – A Module re-Modeled

Seraphim's Blade™ Series solar module boasts two identical parts, which are composed of cells that are half the size of ordinary solar cells. By cutting cells into halves, these smaller currents will help reduce "Cell To Module" loss, which means higher output.

In the meantime, the overall space between cells are doubled, and more light will be transferred into power through multiple reflections. Compared to mainstream standard modules, the Blade™ series module has lower current and series resistance which helps minimize mismatch loss, internal power loss, and shadow effect, etc. Once one cell has EL defect or appearance defect, such as black edge or V sharp. After cutting, one intact half can be reused.





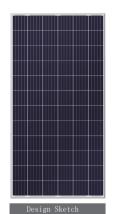


Higher ROI

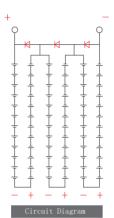
Less Mismatch loss

Instead of 6 internal strings of cells, the Blade series module has 2 x 6 shorter ones. This design effectively deals with the mismatch happened between cells caused by shadow, out of sync performance degradation, ect.

Standard Module / With 6 internal strings of cells



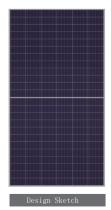




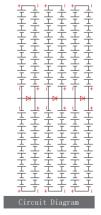


Module current output is 8.7A, current mismatch in series is **0.3A**.

Blade™ / With 2 x 6 internal strings of cells



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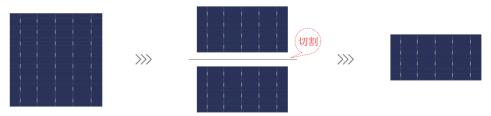
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Module current output is 4.5+4.35=8.85A, current mismatch in series is **0.15A**.

Less Internal Power Loss



Standard Cell Half Cell

The ribbon length of half-cell is shorter than normal cell. Calculated by Joule's law and Ohm' law, the power loss reduction is nearly 6%.

Product Certificates







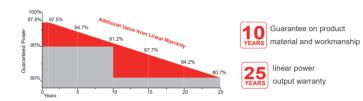








Warranty

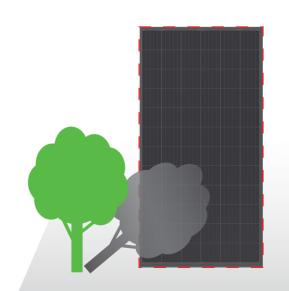


Higher Yield Due to Better Shading Response

Blade™ comprises two separated and identical solar cell arrays, which means the ordinary strings of cells are cut into halves, and these shorter strings compose arrays which has separated current paths. When a module is shaded, only one side shaded array's current will be impacted, while the other array will still be functionally producing power. Under this circumstance, when a module is shaded, the affected working areas of Blade™ will be 50% less.

By cutting solar cell into halves, the internal power loss will be lower and hot spot effect will also be reduced.

Standard Module



Blade[™] Module

